References


Quran see “Koran”


APPENDIX I

Maps of the Middle East in different time periods
Appendix I

Maps of the Middle East in Different Time Periods

(a) The Age of the Caliphs
(b) The Ottoman Empire
(c) The Age of Imperialism
(d) The Middle East Today

APPENDIX II

Listing of European Colonialist Intervention and American Hyper colonialist penetration in the Middle East
Appendix II

Listing of European Colonialist Intervention and American Hyper Colonialist Penetration in the Middle East – The Last 200 years

Appendix II

European Colonialist Intervention and American Hyper Colonialist Penetration in the Middle East – The Last 200 years

1779: Britain’s East India Company, backed by British military power, establishes control over Kuwait.

1798: French troops led by Napoleon invade and occupy Egypt for three years.

1820: Britain establishes control over part of the Gulf coast.

1830: France invades Algeria. Resistance movement led by Abd el Kader erupts.

1837: Britain seizes control of part of Iran, on the pretext of "defending Afghanistan".

1840: France sends 115,000 troops, a third of the entire French army, to crush the Algerian rebellion, waging "a war of extermination".

1845: French troops asphyxiate an estimated 500 men, women and children in Algeria by setting fires at the mouths of caves where fleeing people had taken shelter.

1860: British and French forces intervene in Lebanon. Spain invades and occupies Morocco.

1861: Bahrain becomes a British "protectorate".

1869: European banks take effective control of Tunisia under "international financial commission" to enforce payment of debts.

1876: Britain and France take control of Egypt's finances to enforce debt payment.

1881: French army occupies Tunisia and creates protectorate.

1882: Britain invades Egypt and bombards the city of Alexandria, making the country effectively a British colony.

1891: Britain imposes "friendship treaty" on Oman, effectively making it a British protectorate.

1909: Britain and Russia divide Iran between them, and Britain gets sole rights to exploit the country’s oilfields.
1916: Britain and France agree secret Sykes-Picot Treaty, dividing Arab territories of the collapsing Ottoman Empire between them. Britain grabs what is now Palestine, Jordan and Iraq as well as Egypt. France controls Syria and Lebanon.

1917: Foreign office chief Arthur James Balfour declares that the British government "views with favour" the establishment of a Jewish state in Palestine.

1919: British forces repress rebellion in Egypt.

1920: League of Nations, forerunner of United Nations, "legalises" British and French carve-up of the Middle East.

1920s: Britain uses new weapon of air bombardment against rebels in Iraq and expands areas under its control along the Gulf coast and around Aden.

1925: French forces crush rising in Syria.

1941: Britain and Russia invade Iran and install the Shah as ruler.

1948: Israel created, backed by US and Britain. Some 700,000 Palestinians driven from their land.

1953: US CIA helps organise a coup to overthrow Iranian prime minister Mossadegh, who had tried to nationalise oil, and reinstall Shah as absolute ruler.


1958: US sends 10,000 troops to intervene in Lebanon to "pacify" the country.

1962: CIA organises coup in Iraq, killing tens of thousands of Communists and marking the beginning of Saddam Hussein's rise to power.

1967: Israel attacks Egypt, Syria, Jordan and Lebanon in Six Day War, and seizes control of West Bank, Gaza and the Golan Heights, which it has occupied ever since.

1970: Britain begins long war in defence of the slave-owning ruler of Oman.
1982: Israel launches full scale invasion of Lebanon. Ariel Sharon later found to be "indirectly responsible" for massacre of 2,000 Palestinian refugees in camps near Beirut.


1988: US warship in Gulf shoots down Iranian passenger plane, killing all 290 people on board.

1991: Gulf War-US-led forces slaughter over 100,000 Iraqi civilians and conscripts.

2001: US-led forces invade Afghanistan


Based on material from Socialist Worker (2001) Two Centuries of Imperialism, No 1771, 20 October 2001
APPENDIX III

Diagrammatic Representation of Active-Harmony Approach
Appendix III

Diagrammatic Representation of Active-Harmony Approach

Spectrum of Conflict Handling Mechanism Level of Mutual Participation in Search for Solution

LOWER

- Force
- Adjudication
- Arbitration
- Negotiation
- Mediation
- Reconciliation

CONFLICT SUPPRESSION

CONFLICT MANAGEMENT

CONFLICT RESOLUTION

CONFLICT PREVENTION & TRANSFORMATION

CULTURE OF DIALOGUE

HIGHER

- Spirituality

RE-ACTIVE

PRO-ACTIVE

ACTIVE-HARMONY

-ASSEFA 1995
- SILSILAH 2000