THE ELEIAN ASYLIA

AND THE POLITICS OF THE ARCHAIC AND CLASSICAL PELOPONNESE

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εἰ γάρ, ἦς πάντες εὐχόμεθα τοῖς θεοῖς τυχεῖν, καὶ πᾶν ὑπομένομεν ἱμείροντες αὐτῆς μετασχεῖν, καὶ μόνον τοῦτο τῶν νομιζομένων ἀγαθῶν ἀναμφισβήτητόν ἐστι παρ ἀνθρώποις, λέγω δὴ τὴν εἰρήνην (Polyb. IV.74.3)

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Contents

Abstract	V
Abbreviations	vi
Maps and Figures	vii
INTRODUCTION	1
PART I: HELLENIC HOLY LAND	12
1. The <i>asylia</i> of the Eleians	13
2. The Eleian <i>manteis</i>	44
3. The Eleians Overseas	68
4. Olympia and the Archaic Eleian <i>koinon</i>	93
PART II: POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS IN ELEIA	118
5. Eleian Chronology to the Synoikism of 471 B.C.	119
6. Pisa	145
7. The Synoikism and Democracy of Elis	174
PART III: THE ELEIANS AND THE LAKEDAIMONIANS	210
8. The Eleians and the Lakedaimonians to the Peace of Nikias	211
9. The Causes and Course of the Eleian War	234
10. The Results of the Eleian War	270
CONCLUSION	306
APPENDIX: The Peloponnese in the Early-Fifth Century B.C	310
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ABSTRACT

When the Lakedaimonians invaded Eleia in 402 B.C. they transgressed a sacred inviolability that their ancestors had declared early in the Archaic period. They were prepared to do so because by this period a dominant faction at Sparta placed the pursuit of an oligarchic political agenda above religious scruple.

Modern scholars cast doubt upon the evidence of several ancient texts that Eleia was sacred and inviolable, but their arguments are unconvincing. The importance of the Eleian *manteis*, the links of the Eleians with the oracles at Dodona and Siwah and their management of Olympia further support the view that Eleia was considered a holy land. Supposed wars between the Eleians and the Pisatans in the early-sixth century were actually civil disturbances of the late-sixth and early-fifth centuries that culminated in the Eleian synoikism and democracy of 471 B.C.

In the fifth century, the Lakedaimonians intervened against democracy elsewhere, but at first respected the *asylia* of the Eleians. In 402 B.C., however, they invaded and dismembered Eleia, and the oligarchic political entities that replaced it became their dependent allies. By obliging the Eleians to fight in the Korinthian War, furthermore, the Lakedaimonians compelled them to forsake their inviolable status.

ABBREVIATIONS

References to journals and other modern works are abbreviated according to Hornblower, S. and Spawforth, A. (eds), *The Oxford Classical Dictionary* (3rd edn, Oxford, 1996), supplemented by the 'Notes for Contributors and Abbreviations' in *American Journal of Archaeology* 90 (1986) 381-94. References to Classical sources are generally abbreviated according to the practice of the former work, with the exceptions that, apart from the names of a few well-known authors, latinised spelling has not been adopted and English translations of Greek titles have been preferred to Latin ones. The following additional abbreviations appear:

BMCR Bryn Mawr Classical Review

IACP Hansen, M.H. and Nielsen, T.H. (eds), An Inventory of Archaic and

Classical Poleis (Oxford, 2004)

Moretti Moretti, L., 'Olympionikai, I vincitori negli antichi agoni olimpici' in

Atti della accademia nazionale dei Lincei 8.8 (Rome, 1959) 53-198

MAPS AND FIGURES

(following the page indicated)

Map 1 The region of Eleia and its neighbours	11
Map 2 Southern Epeiros	92
Map 3 The probable coastline of Kastro Rogon and vicinity, c.2500 B.C	92
Map 4a Paleographic reconstruction of the lower Acheron valley, 433 B.C	92
Map 4b Paleographic reconstruction of the lower Acheron valley, A.D. 1996	92
Map 5 The region of Eleia, showing the districts and principal communities	173
Map 6 The Peloponnese	233
Fig. 1 The plain of the Peneios near Elis	43
Fig. 2 Zakynthos from Chelmoutsi headland	43
Fig. 3 Eleian silver drachm from Olympiad 95	67
Fig. 4 IvO 64, officials sacred to Zeus for Olympiad 188	67
Fig. 5 Kastri and the Acheron valley	92
Fig. 6 North-west from the Preveza-Ioannina road	92
Fig. 7 Confluence of the Kladeos with the Alpheios	173
Fig. 8 Olive grove near Olympia	173
Fig. 9 North from the temple of Athena near modern Skillountia	173
Fig. 10 North from Mt. Lapithos	173
Fig. 11 Inscribed seat for a Lakedaimonian <i>proxenos</i>	233

(all photographs, author)