Empirical investigation of an adapted fourth generation evaluation: The case of evaluating a secondary science teacher preparation program

Nadia Rizk

Master of Arts American University of Beirut Bachelor of Science American University of Beirut Teaching Diploma American University of Beirut

A thesis submitted for the degree of **Doctor of Philosophy**University of New England, Australia

I certify that the substance of this thesis has not already been submitted for any degree and is not currently being submitted for any other degree or qualification.

I certify that any help received in preparing this thesis and all sources used have been acknowledged in this thesis.

Signature:



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I have learned silence from the talkative, toleration from the intolerant, and kindness from the unkind; yet, strangely, I am ungrateful to those teachers

Khalil Gibran

This thesis would not have been possible without financial sponsorship from the Australian Government and the University of New England.

My heartfelt gratitude and thanks to my three supervisors, Professor Neil Taylor, Dr. Frances Quinn, and Associate Professor Terry Lyons. It has been a privilege working with each one of them and I will always be thankful for their invaluable expertise and guidance, endless enthusiasm and continuous encouragement throughout this long journey.

My most sincere gratitude to my husband, Ziad El Samrout, who endured the entire process with endless love and support.

I thank Associate Professor Barend Vlaardingerbroek for his mentorship and guidance, and for leading me into this wonderful opportunity.

I also thank my friend and mentor, Associate Professor Rima Karami, for her continued support and advice throughout this journey.

Last but not least, I thank my family, friends, and colleagues who stood by me to continue this undertaking. In particular, I thank Professor Saouma BouJaoude for his encouragement, which inspired me to go forward.

ABSTRACT

Every sentence I utter must be understood not as an affirmation but as a question.

Bohr

Empirical studies on how program evaluation theories are enacted in practice are scarce (Mark, 2008; Miller, 2010; Smith, 2010). Evaluation scholars need to understand the connection between the theory and practice of program evaluation models to enhance these models and defend their merit. This research employed a case study to examine how the theory underlying an adapted version of Guba and Lincoln's (1989) Fourth Generation Evaluation (4GE) model was enacted in the context of evaluating a secondary science teacher preparation program in one rural university in New South Wales, Australia.

This study comprised two components, the second of which is directly informed by the first. The first component was a case study evaluation of the Graduate Diploma in Education for Science Teaching using an adapted version of the 4GE (A4GE). The second component was an investigation of the implementation of the evaluation model, which was carried out as component One, and an exploration of the relationship between the model's theory and its practice using an interpretive case study approach.

Drawing on the work of Miller (2010) and other seminal researchers (e.g. Shadish et al., 1991; Owen, 2006; Smith, 2010), I synthesized the literature and developed a conceptual framework which incorporates a theoretical tool, the Program Evaluation Models' Essential Dimensions (PEMED), to clarify the theory of the A4GE and organize data collection about its practice.

Data for both components were collected from 23 interviews with 14 participants (lecturers and graduate science teachers) as well as from a virtual negotiation forum. I used the constant comparison method (Charmaz, 2011; Glaser & Strauss, 1967) to analyze the data pertaining to the evaluation of the program, and a two-steps approach combining constant comparison and negative case analysis (Robinson, 1951) to analyze data for the investigation of the implementation of the A4GE.

Evaluation findings from component One, the program evaluation case study, consisted of the positive and negative statements about the program, issues related to the program, as well as suggestions for improvement that lecturers and graduate teachers from the GDE(ST) had expressed about the program.

The findings from the second component, the empirical investigation of the A4GE uncovered areas of congruence and incongruence between the theory and practice of the A4GE. These findings revealed that the theory of the A4GE was operationally specific and offered me sufficient guidance to conduct the evaluation using an interpretive, responsive and context-bound approach, and made me aware of my roles and the roles of other participants. The A4GE theory also clarified the range of application of the model and specified the necessary conditions for its implementation. Furthermore, I found that many of the processes described in the A4GE were feasible in my case study and that at least some impact can be attributed to the A4GE.

Interestingly, the findings indicated that two components of the A4GE were not feasible in my case study: authentic partnership and negotiations. I argued that these components constitute serious limitations to the sustainable implementation of the A4GE in the current governance regimes within tertiary education institutions.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	III
ABSTRACT	IV
LIST OF TABLES	
LIST OF FIGURES	
GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ACRONYMS	
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 The importance of and challenges to the evaluation of Australian science teacher preparation programs	1
1.2 The problem of the theory-practice relationship in program evaluation	4
1.3 Rationale, aim and general research question	
1.4 The significance of the study	6
1.5 Overview of the study	7
1.6 Delimitations of the study	8
1.7 Structure of the thesis	
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW	11
2.1 A survey of the program evaluation landscape	11
2.1.1 Definition of programs	
2.1.2 Definitions of program evaluation	
2.1.3 Types of program evaluation theories	
2.1.4 Roles of program evaluation theories	15
2.1.5 Studies addressing the theory-practice relationship in relation to program evaluation models	17
2.1.6 Miller's framework for investigating the theory-practice relationship	
2.2 A conceptual framework for investigating the theory-practice relationship	
2.2.1 Element 1: The Program Evaluation Models' Essential Dimensions	
(PEMED)	
2.2.2 Element 2: Miller's criteria	31
2.3 Conclusion	33
CHAPTER 3: ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATENESS OF AND	
DEFINING THE A4GE	34
3.1 Establishing the appropriateness of a particular program evaluation model to the context of implementation	34
3.1.1 Understanding the context of implementation of an evaluation	35
3.1.2 Using situational analysis to establish the appropriateness of a program evaluation model to the context of implementation	37
3.2 Establishing the appropriateness of the adapted version of the 4GE to the study context	38
3.2.1 Describing and defining the adapted fourth generation evaluation	38
3.2.2 Using situational analysis to establish the appropriateness of the A4GE to	
the study context	
3.3 Conclusion	55
CHADTED A. METHODOLOCV	56

	4.1 Research components	56
	4.2 Approach to research: The interpretive case study	57
	4.2.1 The interpretive research paradigm: Foundations, rationale and implications	
	4.2.2 The interpretive case study: Foundations, rationale and implications	
	4.3 Research design	
	4.4 Selection of participants	
	4.5 Data collection rounds	
	4.5.1 Round 1 of interviews	
	4.5.2 Round 2 of interviews	
	4.5.3 Round 3 of data collection: The negotiation session	
	4.6 Data collection tools	69
	4.6.1 Interviews	69
	4.6.2 Online negotiation forum	
	4.6.3 Field notes and journal	
	4.6.4 Documents	
	4.7 Data analysis	
	4.7.1 Component 1: Evaluating the GDE(ST) using the A4GE	
	4.7.2 Component 2: Empirical investigation of the application of the A4GE 4.8 Addressing rigor criteria	
	4.8.1 Trustworthiness criteria	
	4.9 Ethical considerations	
	4.10 Conclusion.	
<u>~</u>	HAPTER 5: FINDINGS FROM THE APPLICATION OF THE A4GE	
C .		
	5.1 Themes discussed in the interviews	
	5.1.1 Theme 1: Attitudes towards the program	
	5.1.2 Theme 2. Guidance and support 5.1.3 Theme 3: Delivery mode	
	5.1.4 Theme 4: Content of learning	
	5.1.5 Theme 5: Residential school	100
	5.1.6 Theme 6: Teaching strategies in the program	
	5.1.7 Theme 7: Program monitoring processes	
	5.1.8 Theme 8: Program structure	
	5.2 Lists of claims, concerns and issues	
	5.2.1 The claims constructed from the data	
	5.2.2 The concerns constructed from the data	
	5.2.3 The issues derived from the analysis of claims and concerns	
	5.3 Issues addressed in the negotiation round	
	5.3.1 Issue 1: The off-campus learning experience	121
	5.3.2 Issue 2: Developing teachers' PCK	124
	5.3.3 Issue 3: Relevance and usefulness of content learned	
	5.3.4 Issue 4: Arguments for having a mandatory residential school	
	5.3.5 Issue 5: Quality of instruction in the professional experiences	128

5.3.6 Issue 6: Nature and usefulness of assignments	129
5.3.7 Issue 7: Collaboration between lecturers	
5.3.8 Issue 8: Program evaluation	131
5.3.9 Issue 9: Embedding the PREX units within other units	132
5.4 Resolved and unresolved issues	132
5.5 Conclusion	134
CHAPTER 6: FINDINGS FROM THE EMPIRICAL INVESTIGATION OF	
THE A4GE	135
6.1 Answering the research question using Miller's criteria	137
6.1.1 Criterion 1: Operational specificity of the A4GE	
6.1.2 Criterion 2: Range of application of the A4GE	
6.1.3 Criterion 3: Feasibility in practice of the A4GE	
6.1.4 Criterion 4: Discernible impact of the A4GE	
6.2 Answering the general research question	162
6.2.1 Factor 1 – Evaluation resources	164
6.2.2 Factor 2 – Organizational context of the program	
6.3 Conclusion	166
CHAPTER 7: CONCLUSIONS AND IMPLICATIONS	167
7.1 Discussion of key findings of the study	167
7.1.1 Findings from component one: The evaluation of the GDE(ST)	
7.1.2 Findings from component two: The empirical investigation of the A4GE	
7.1.3 Challenges to sustainably implementing the A4GE in the current context	
of higher education governance	171
7.2 Contributions of the study	173
7.2.1 Contributions to theoretical knowledge	174
7.2.2 Contributions to empirical knowledge	
7.2.3 Contributions to methodological knowledge	175
7.3 Limitations of the study	175
7.4 Implications and recommendations	176
7.4.1 Implications and recommendations for researchers on program evaluation	
7.4.2 Implications and recommendations for program evaluation practitioners	
7.5 Summary	178
REFERENCES	
APPENDIX A – DESCRIPTION OF THE INTERACTIVE WEBSITE	
APPENDIX B – MANDATORY UNITS FOR THE GDE(ST)	
APPENDIX C – SAMPLE INTERVIEW WITH UL8 FROM THE FIRST ROUND	
APPENDIX D – INFORMATION SHEET AND CONSENT FORM	195

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1 – Program evaluation theories nomenclature	15
Table 2.2 – Program Evaluation Models' Essential Dimensions (PEMED)	23
Table 2.3 – Questions relating to the dimension "Paradigm of evaluation"	27
Table 2.4 – Questions relating to the dimension "Views about utilization"	28
Table 2.5 – Questions relating to the dimension "Purpose of evaluation"	29
Table 2.6 – Miller's criteria for examining a program evaluation model's theory in practice	32
Table 3.1 – Factors guiding the situational analysis of the context	37
Table 3.2 – Theoretical propositions of the A4GE along the PEMED dimensions	47
Table 3.3 – Items used for conducting student evaluations of units*	53
Table 4.1 – Research components, data sources and approaches to data collection	57
Table 4.2 – Assumptions entertained by the interpretive research paradigm	58
Table 4.3 – Data sources, number of sources and number of interviews.	64
Table 4.4 – Techniques for developing codes	77
Table 5.1 – Themes discussed by informants during data collection	88
Table 5.2 – Aspects discussed under "Attitudes towards the program"	89
Table 5.3 – Aspects discussed under "Guidance and support"	90
Table 5.4 – Aspects discussed under "Delivery mode"	92
Table 5.5 – Aspects discussed under "Content of learning"	95
Table 5.6 – Aspects discussed under "Residential school"	100
Table 5.7 – Aspects discussed under "Teaching strategies in the program"	103
Table 5.8 – Aspects discussed under "Program monitoring processes"	107
Table 5.9 – Aspects discussed under "Program structure"	113
Table 5.10 – Aspects discussed under "University lecturers	115
Table 5.11 – List of claims constructed from the data	117
Table 5.12 – List of concerns constructed from the data	118
Table 5.13 – List of issues derived from the analysis of claims and concerns	120
Table 5.14 – Issues raised in the negotiation forum	121
Table 6.1 – Connections between the theoretical propositions of the A4GE and Miller's criteria	136
Table 6.2 – Propositions related to the operational specificity of the A4GE	137
Table 6.3 – Propositions clarifying the range of application of the A4GE	146
Table 6.4 – Propositions clarifying the feasibility in practice of the A4GE	152
Table 6.5 – Propositions clarifying the discernible impact of the A4GE	159

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1 – Interpretation of Miller's (2010) framework	21
Figure 2.2 – Conceptual framework for investigating the theory-practice relationship	22
Figure 4.1 – The research design	62
Figure 4.2 – The data collection rounds	65
Figure 4.3 – The hermeneutic cycle for each stakeholder group	66
Figure 4.4 – The hermeneutic cycle for all stakeholder groups	67
Figure 4.5 – Homepage of the negotiation forum	72
Figure 4.6 – Example forum page for an issue	73
Figure 4.7 – Compartments of the negotiation forums	73
Figure 4.8 – Sample discussion of a proposal	74
Figure 4.9 – Section of the "Coding Query" matrix generated with NVivo 10	78
Figure 4.10 – Claims about the theme "Lecturers Support"	79

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ACRONYMS

4GE Fourth Generation Evaluation

A4GE Adapted version of the Fourth Generation Evaluation
AITSL Australian Institute of Teaching and School Leadership

Aspects Concepts that can be classified under one theme

CCIs Claims, Concerns and Issues

Claims Positive statements about particular aspects of an evaluand
Component Term used to describe the constituent parts of the research
Concerns Negative statements about particular aspects of an evaluand
Dimension Term used to describe the constituent parts of the PEMED
Element Term used to describe the constituent parts of the conceptual

framework

Factor Term used to describe the constituent parts of the context

GDE Graduate Diploma in Education

GDE(ST) Graduate Diploma in Education (Science Teaching) stream

HOS Head of School

Issues Aspects of an evaluand about which participants express mixed

(positive and negative) statements

NSWIT New South Wales Institute of Teachers

PEMED Program Evaluation Models' Essential Dimensions

PREX Professional Experiences

School of Education Division within a university dedicated to scholarship in the field of

Education and to the preparation of teachers

STPP Science Teacher Preparation Program

TEQSA Australian Tertiary Education Quality and Standards Agency

Themes Concepts discussed by participants in the study