

INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES IN THE

PHYSIOLOGICAL DETECTION OF DECEPTION

Christopher J. Horneman



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University of New England,
Armidale, New South Wales,
Australia.

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I certify that the work embodied in this thesis is the result of original research and has not been and is not being submitted for any other degree. I certify that all sources used in preparing this thesis have been acknowledged.

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ABSTRACT

The research programme reported here was concerned with the relationship between individual differences in electrodermal activity and the ability to detect deception from measures of differential responsiveness within the electrodermal system. A review of the literature indicated that three dimensions of electrodermal activity might exist and be of relevance to detectability: absolute reactivity of the electrodermal system, relative reactivity or specificity of the system in relation to other response systems, and the degree of change within the system or its lability. The programme therefore involved the measurement of these three aspects, the study of their dimensionality, the development of indices of detectability, and the study of the predictive power of the dimensions in relation to detectability. The relationship of these several measures to scores on self report tests of personality (the superfactors of extraversion, neuroticism, psychoticism, and a measure of socialization) was also pursued.

The measures of electrodermal activity were derived from recordings in four stimulus situations: relaxing without task demands, listening to tones presented at brief intervals, performing mental arithmetic, and listening to a count-up during which an aversive stimulus, a white noise burst, was expected. The indices of detectability were derived from recordings during a card test in which the subject was questioned about which of six cards had previously been selected and from a mock agent procedure in which the subject role-played an espionage agent with code words which were not to be divulged.

A total of 210 undergraduate male and female students participated in the research programme, but data from five of these was lost due to technical problems. All subjects participated in the tests for electrodermal responsiveness, and 121 took part in the card test and 84 in the mock agent procedure. In conducting the card test a number of variations were introduced to test for the importance of the nature of the subject's response during interrogation and the importance of card selection. In the mock agent procedure, both a control question test and a guilty knowledge test were employed in questioning.

Results of the analysis of measures of electrodermal activity indicated that dimensions of absolute reactivity and lability could be identified in the pattern of intercorrelations, but that a separate dimension of relative reactivity or specificity could not be isolated. Results of the attempt to develop measures of detectability indicated that the indices derived were broadly comparable with those used by other workers in terms of the accuracy of detection afforded, but that all lacked satisfactory levels of reliability. As a consequence, the intercorrelations of the responiveness and detectability indices were low. Significant correlations did emerge with some frequency in the case of measures of lability and these correlations were shown to be independent of the dimension of reactivity and specific to differential responsiveness under conditions of deception. Few significant correlations with the self report measures of personality were obtained at any stage of the programme.

On the basis of the research programme and the literature review it is concluded that attentional factors reflected in electrodermal lability underlie individual differences in detectability using electrodermal measures in typical laboratory tests of deception. In particular, subjects who maintain orienting responses to stimuli because they attribute significance to these events are more likely to be detected using electrodermal measures. Individual differences in systemic reactivity are far less important. Before further work is conducted on the question of individual differences in detectability, however, the issue of the reliability of these measures should be systematically addressed.

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List of Abbreviations

AL Autonomic lability

ALS Autonomic lability score

ATS Autonomic tension score

CPI California personality inventory

CQ Control question

DBP Diastolic blood pressure

DETCA Detectability index derived for this

study (see Table 5.13)

DIFRA Differential response index derived for

this study (see Table 5.13)

DR Defensive reflex

E Extraversion

EKG Electrocardiograph

EPI Eysenck Personality Inventory

EPQ Eysenck Personality Questionnaire

Es Ego strength

FPA Finger pulse amplitude

GKT Guilty knowledge test

HR Heart rate

IRS Individual response specificity

IRSSCB Specificity index derived for this

study (see page 71)

MMPI Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory

N Neuroticism

NSRs Non-specific responses

OR Orienting reflex

P Psychoticism

Pd Psychopathic deviate scale of the MMPI

PDD Psychophysiological detection of deception

POT Peak-of-tension

PP Pulse pressure

PSRSQ Perceived Somatic Reactions Questionnaire

RR Respiration rate

SBP Systolic blood pressure

SC Skin conductance

SCAMP Skin conductance amplitude index derived

for this study (see page 72)

SCBL	Skin conductance base level index derived
	for this study (see page 72)
SCR	Skin conductance response
So	Socialization scale of the CPI
SP	Skin potential
SPR	Skin potential response
SR	Skin resistance
SRR	Skin resistance response
TNR	Total number of stimulus-evoked responses
VHR	Variability of heart rate